before the PCS order is issued (52 Comp. Gen. 769 (1973)).

- C. <u>Time Limitation</u>. Unless otherwise specified in the JTR, a Service member's HHG transportation authority may be used any time while the order remains in effect and before receipt of another PCS order, as long as the HHG transportation is due to the Service member's PCS rather than for personal reasons (45 Comp. Gen. 589 (1966) and B-183436, July 22, 1975).
- D. <u>Order Amended, Modified, Canceled, or Revoked</u>. HHG transported after a PCS order is received must be shipped to the proper destination at Government expense if the order is later amended, modified, canceled, or revoked.

## 051303. Alcohol and Firearms

- A. <u>Alcoholic Beverage Transportation</u>. Alcoholic beverage transportation as HHG must conform to 27 U.S.C. §122.
- B. <u>Firearm Transportation</u>. Transportation of firearms as HHG for an Armed Services member must conform to 18 U.S.C. §922(g)(6), (8), and (9). Department of Defense (DoD) Services, see <u>DoDI</u> 6400.06 (Domestic Abuse) for additional information. Non-DoD personnel should see Service regulations.

## 051304. Professional Books, Papers, and Equipment (PBP&E), Required Medical Equipment, and Gun Safes

- A. <u>PBP&E</u>. A Service member is authorized PBP&E when he or she certifies that the PBP&E are necessary for official duty at the next PDS. The next PDS includes the home of record (HOR) or home of selection (HOS) upon leaving the Service. PBP&E must be declared at the origin of the shipment, and must be documented, to include certification or approval, according to Agency or Service transportation procedures.
- 1. The weight of PBP&E is not included in the maximum authorized HHG weight allowance. The PBP&E maximum weight allowed is limited to 2,000 pounds net weight. This limit was effective May 2014, and cannot be waived or increased except as specified below.
- a. A Service member may exceed the 2,000 pound weight limit when returning from outside the continental United States (OCONUS) or executing a consecutive overseas tour (COT) if orders OCONUS were issued before May 1, 2014.
- b. PBP&E over 2,000 pounds must have been originally shipped at Government expense to the location OCONUS. The Service member may ship the same amount of PBP&E that was originally shipped OCONUS.
- 2. Once PBP&E shipped OCONUS are returned to the continental United States (CONUS), there is no authorization or waiver authority to exceed the 2,000-pound limit on a later order.
- 3. The obligation to return PBP&E is limited to the amount of PBP&E the Government initially authorized to be shipped OCONUS, even if that is less than the 2,000-pound maximum limit.
- 4. The Service member may request through the Secretarial Process that PBP&E belonging to his or her spouse be shipped at Government expense on a PCS move. If approved, the spouse's

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PBP&E authorized maximum weight is limited to 500 pounds.

- 5. PBP&E is transported the same way, and to the same authorized locations, as HHG. Transportation may be expedited when shipped as unaccompanied baggage. If an item no longer qualifies as PBP&E, then it is considered to be PBP&E for the next PCS, and then is HHG for any subsequent moves. If an item of HHG becomes an item that should be PBP&E but is not declared and documented as PBP&E before the HHG transportation or for that move, then the item is included in the HHG weight allowance.
- B. Required Medical Equipment. A Service member or a dependent who is entitled to, and receiving, medical care authorized by 10 U.S.C. §§1071-1110 may ship medical equipment necessary for such care. The medical equipment may be shipped in the same way as HHG, but has no weight limit. The weight of authorized medical equipment is not included in the maximum authorized HHG weight allowance.
  - 1. Required medical equipment does not include a modified personally owned vehicle.
- 2. For medical equipment to qualify for shipment under this paragraph, an appropriate Uniformed Services healthcare provider must certify that the equipment is necessary for medical treatment of the Service member or the dependent who is authorized medical care under 10 U.S.C. §§1071-1110.
- C. <u>Gun Safe</u>. A Service member is authorized to ship empty gun safes with HHG to the next PDS. The next PDS includes the home of record (HOR) or home of selection (HOS) upon leaving the Service. Gun safes must be declared at the origin of the shipment, and must be documented (to include certification or approval) according to Agency or Service transportation procedures.
- 1. The maximum weight allowed for gun safe transportation is limited to 500 pounds net weight in addition to Service member's weight allowance authorized in <u>Table 5-37</u>, not to exceed 18,000 pounds.
  - 2. Gun safes are transported the same way, and to the same authorized locations, as HHG.

## 051305. HHG Transportation Not Allowed

- A. <u>No Authority</u>. There is no authority for HHG transportation under any of the following conditions for a Service member:
- 1. Of a Reserve Component when called or ordered to active duty, including active duty for training, for either of the following durations:
  - a. Less than 20 weeks.
  - b. 20 or more weeks when the active duty is for less than 20 weeks at any one location.
  - 2. On leave.
- 3. Who is absent without leave, a deserter, a Straggler, dropped or dismissed, transferred as a prisoner to a place of detention, or in confinement, except as in par. 052009 and Table 5-22.

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